

Process Simulation of Aluminum Reduction Cells

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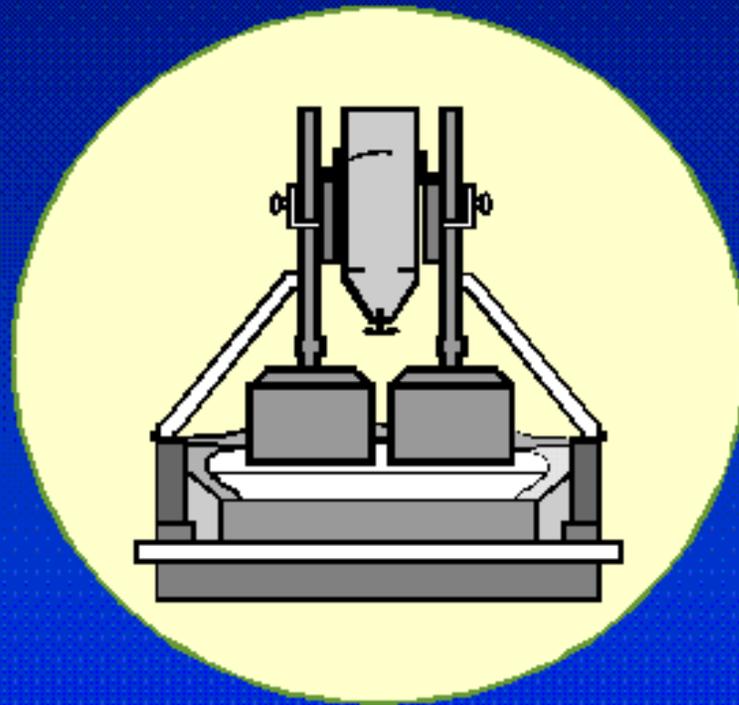
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Program Overview

**Process
Model**



**Control
Model**

Constitutive Equations

Constitutive Equations

- **Idealized system consists of the :**
 - Liquid Zone (Bath and Metal)
 - Solidified Ledge
- **13 differential equations characterize the :**
 - Heat Balance
 - Mass Balance of 11 Chemical Species
 - Anode to Cathode Distance (ACD)

Constitutive Equations

Dynamic Variables

- **Liquid Temperature**
- **Mass of Species**
 - Bath, metal and sludge
 - Dispersed and dissolved Al_2O_3
 - Excess AlF_3
 - Bath additives (CaF_2 , LiF , MgF_2)
- **Average Thickness of Ledge**
 - Adjacent to bath layer
 - Adjacent to metal layer
- **ACD**

Heat Balance Equation

- **Internal Heat**
- **Global Heat Loss**
- **Heat Accumulated in the System**
 - Melting / Forming Ledge
 - Increasing / Decreasing the Operating Temperature

Heat Balance Equation

Internal Heat

- Evaluated by computing the voltage break down:
 - Bath Composition
 - Bath Resistivity
 - Bath Liquidus
 - Current Efficiency
 - Bath Voltage
 - Electrolysis Voltage
 - Equivalent Voltage to Make Metal

Heat Balance Equation

Global Heat Loss

- Four surfaces are defined for losing heat:
 - Anode Panel
 - Cathode Panel
 - Ledge Adjacent to Bath Layer
 - Ledge Adjacent to Metal Layer

Mass Balance Equations

- 11 Chemical species each with its own equation:
 - Metal
 - Bath (cryolite, excess AlF_3 , dissolved Al_2O_3 , CaF_2 , LiF , MgF_2)
 - Ledge Adjacent to the Bath Layer
 - Ledge Adjacent to the Metal layer
 - Al_2O_3 Dispersed in the Bath
 - Sludge in the Metal

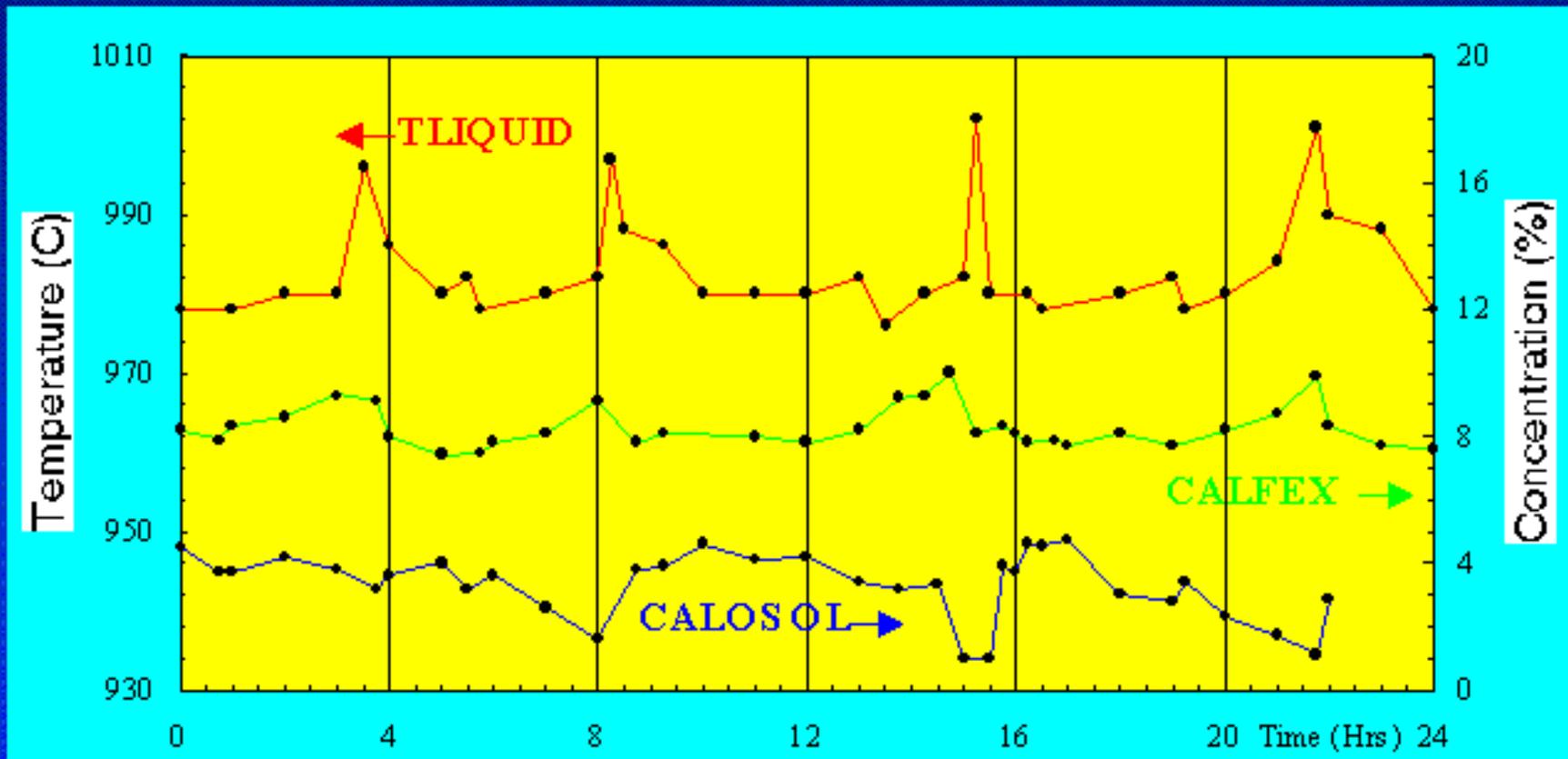
Control Model

- **Operational Events**
 - Alumina Feeding and Resistance Control
- **Scheduled Events**
 - Metal Tapping, Anode Change, Anode Beam Raising, Ratio Adjustment and Bath Transfusion
- **Exception Events**
 - Anode Effects and Cell Instability
- **Cell States**

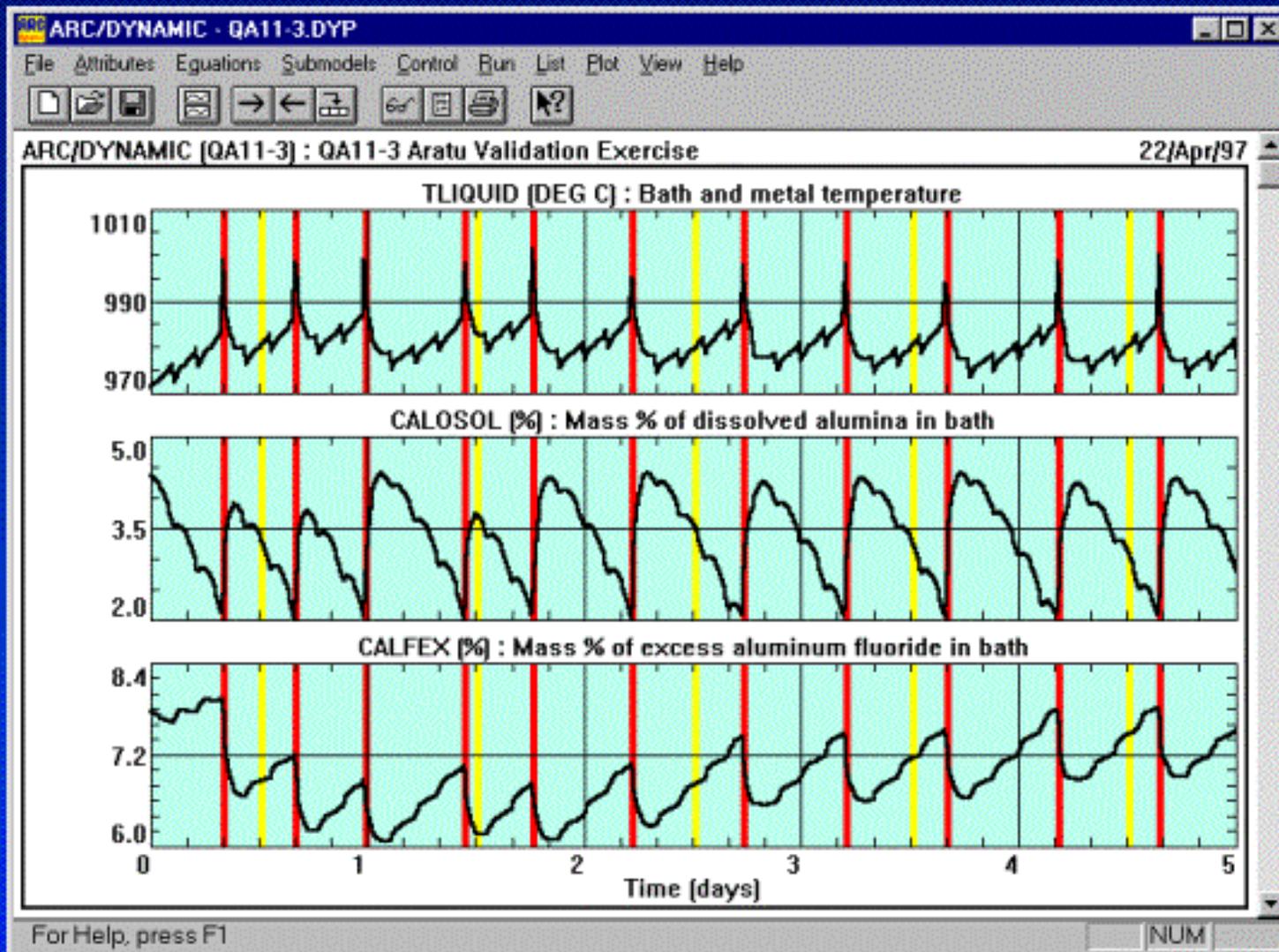
Program Validation

- **Verification of Program Execution**
 - Input Data
 - Built-in Equations and Control Logic
- **Comparison with Measured Data**
 - Aratu Cell

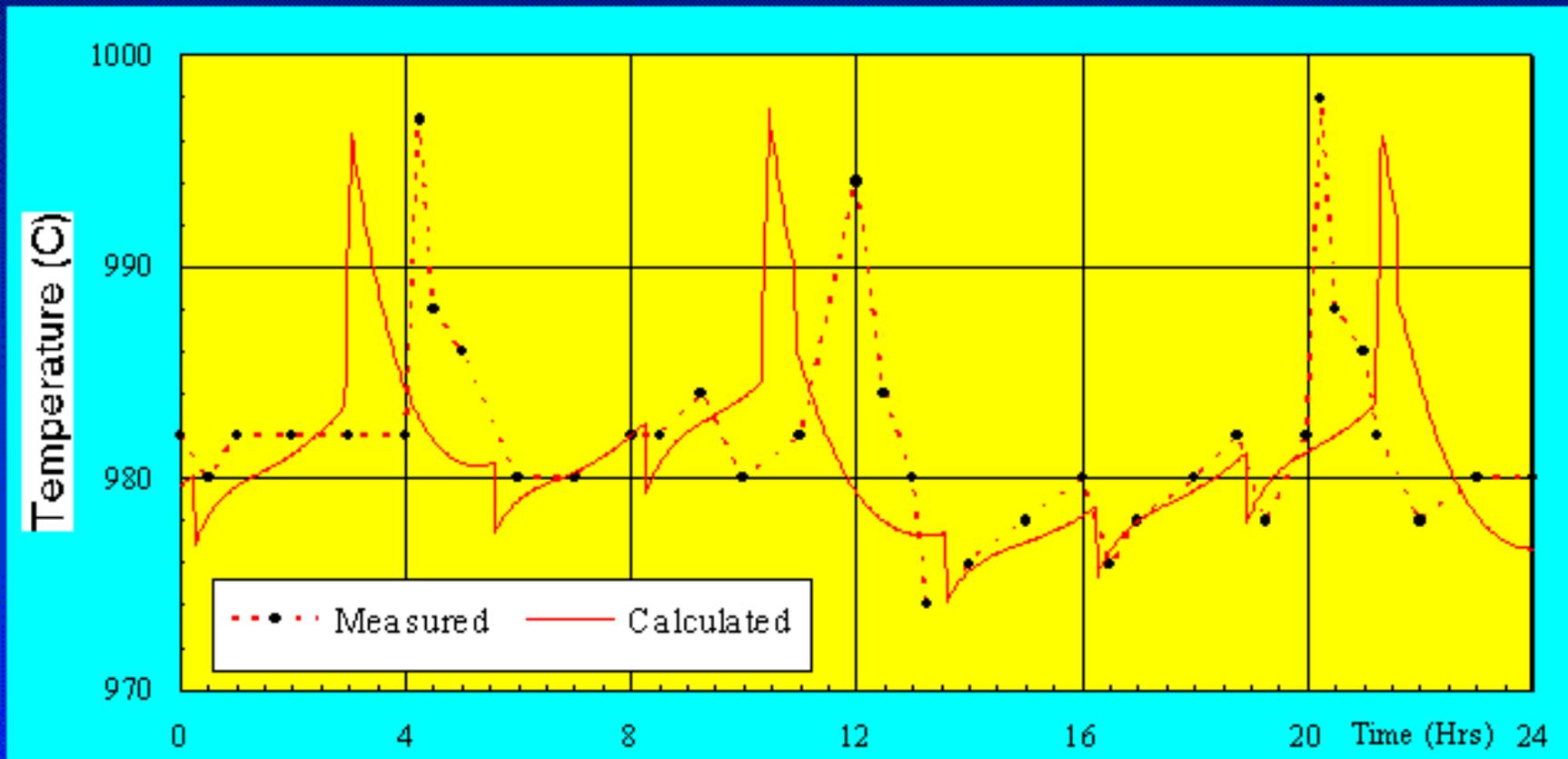
Measured Response



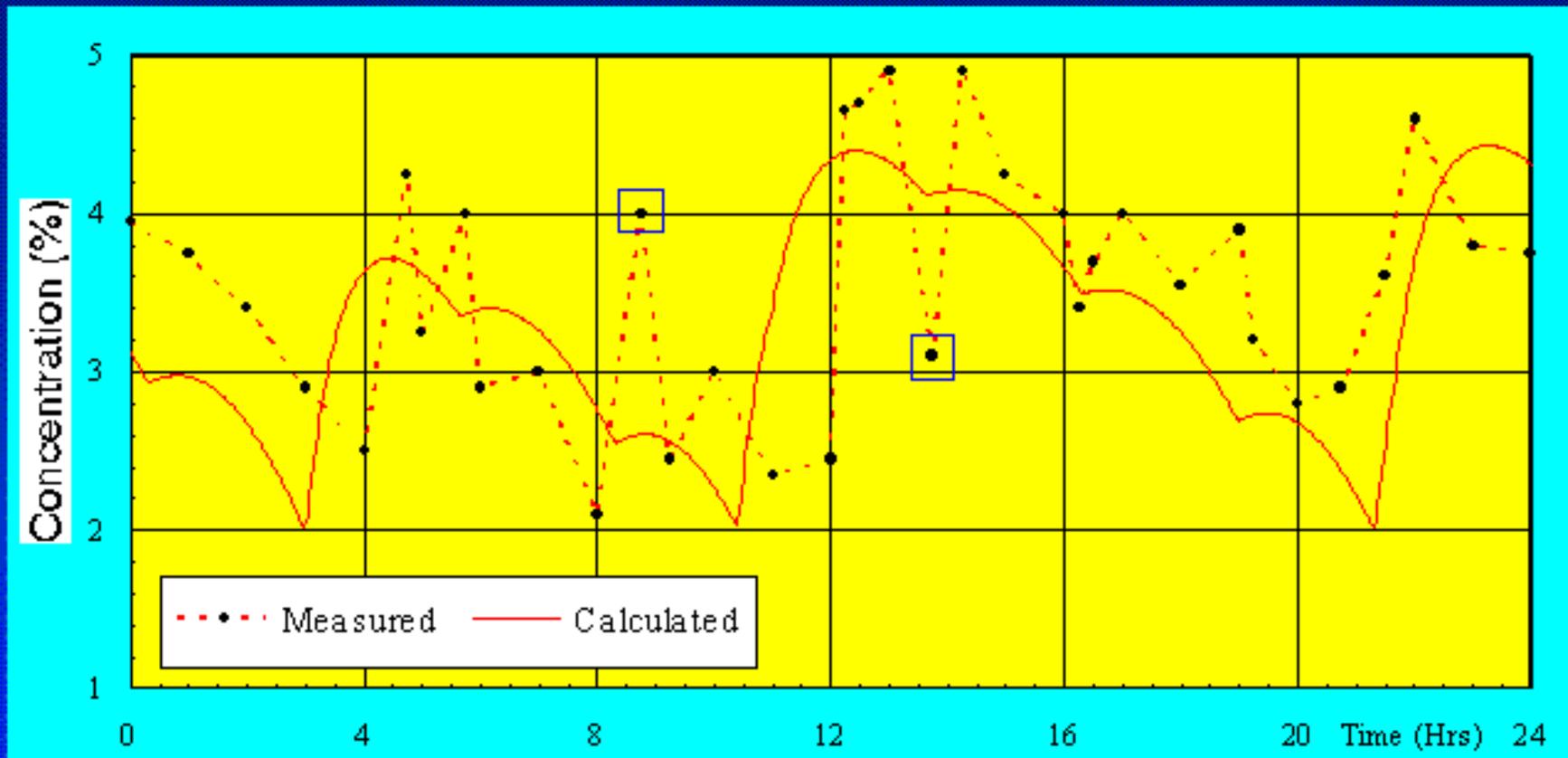
Calculated Response



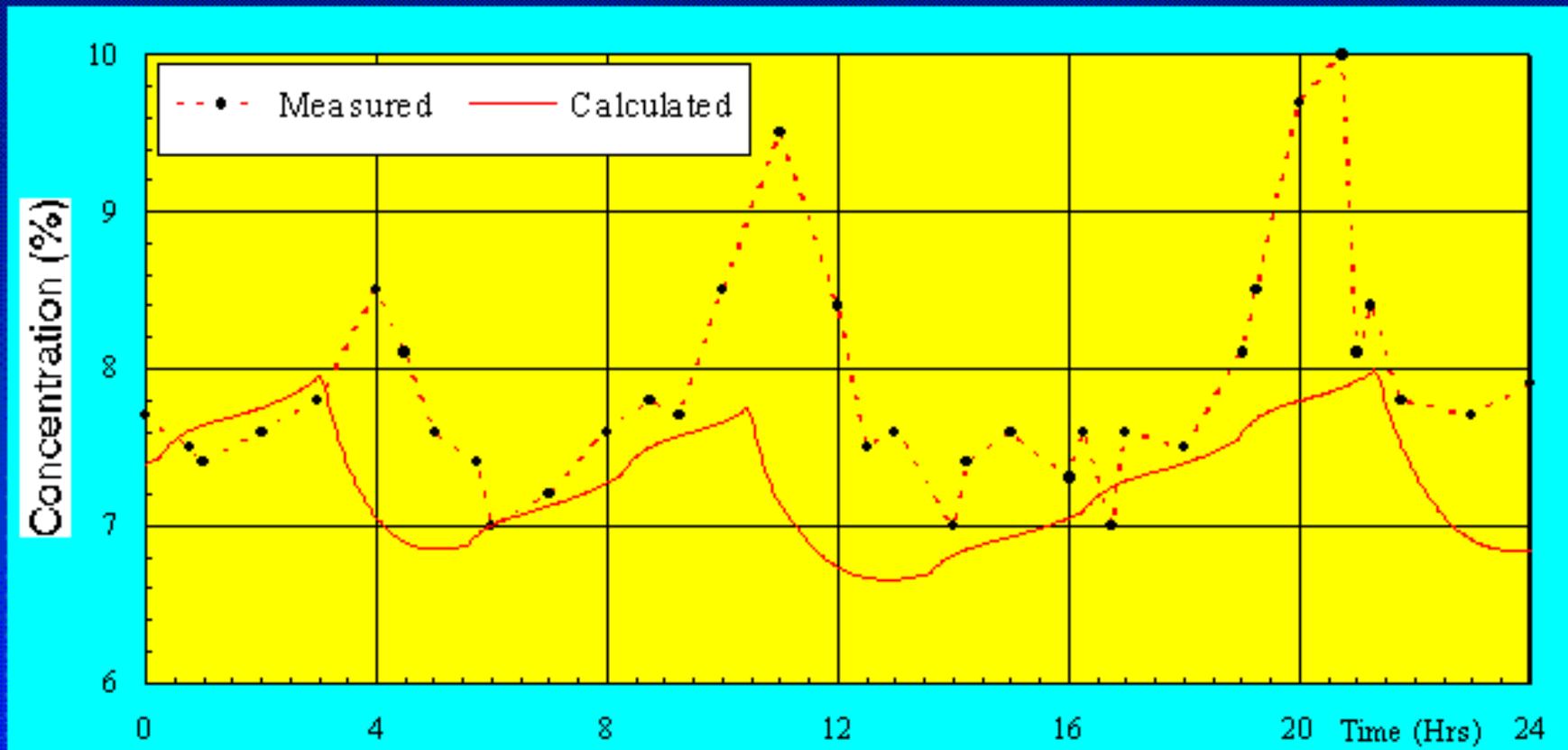
Temperature



Alumina Concentration



Concentration of Excess AlF_3



Conclusions

- A program has been developed to model the dynamic behavior of reduction cells.
- The program has been successfully used to simulate the behavior of an operating VS cell.